

Theory for your eighth grading

(Current belt: Red Tag 3rd Kup Grading for: Red Belt 2nd Kup)

Toi Gye is the pseudonym (pen name) of the noted scholar **Yi Hwang**, an authority on **neo-Confucianism**. **Neo-Confucianism** was a new philosophy developed as a blend between Taoism, Buddhism and Confucianism. The pattern has **37 movements** which refer to Yi Hwang's birth on the **37 degree latitude** and the diagram represents "scholar".

The colour **red** signifies danger, cautioning both the student to exercise control and warning the opponent to stay away.

What is the purpose of the jump in Toi Gye?

In patterns sometimes we jump to represent the avoidance of a sweeping attack. This is the case of the jump in **Toi Gye**.

What section are the two knifehand guarding blocks in Toi Gye?

The two knifehand guarding blocks in **Toi Gye** are in **low section**.

Learn the following Korean terminology: (e.g. sogi = stance, chagi = kick, jirugi = punch, makgi = block, tul = pattern, sabum = instructor, tulgi = thrust), and ensure you can **count to 10** in Korean.

Striking and blocking tools: Ensure you can name 3 striking and blocking tools (both hand and foot). These are listed in your **blue handbook**.

The purpose of 1-step sparring:

1-step sparring is the most realistic form of sparring there is. The defender must has fast reflexes as they cannot foresee the attack coming.

New techniques in Toi Gye: Up-set fingertip thrust: a strike to the low section of the body.

W-Shaped Block: used to block an in-coming attack such as a punch. Can also be used in preparation for a take-down.

Flat fingertip thrust: a strike to the high section of the body.

MAKE SURE YOU KNOW AND REMEMBER THEORY FROM YOUR PREVIOUS GRADINGS